

Base-Ten Blocks

Grade-Level Recommendation: 1 - 6

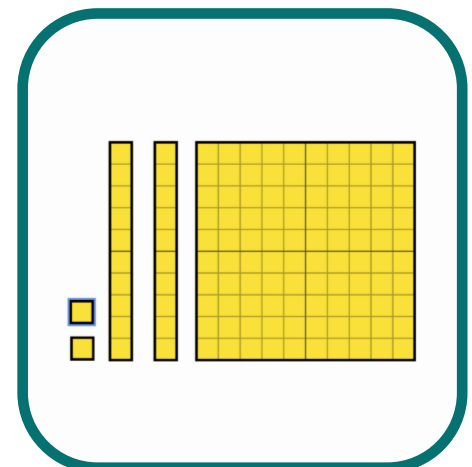
Cubes, flats, rods, and units can represent 1,000, 100, 10, and 1 or 10, 1, 0.1, and 0.01.

Mathematics Content

- Whole Numbers (e.g., thousands, hundreds, tens, ones)
- Decimals (e.g., tenths, hundredths)

In the Classroom

- Use base-ten blocks to help students understand the place value of numbers (e.g., 319 or 2.37).
- Students also can use base-ten blocks to solve problems with addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division.




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Place Value Disks

Grade-Level Recommendation: 2 - 6

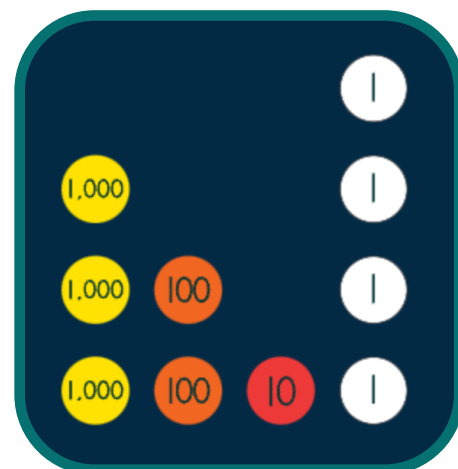
Each colored disk represents a different place value,
from 1,000,000 to 0.001.

Mathematics Content

- Whole Numbers (e.g., thousands, hundreds, tens, ones)
- Decimals (e.g., tenths, hundredths)

In the Classroom

- Use place value disks as students learn to represent numbers (e.g., 495 or 1.95).
- Students also can use place value disks to solve problems with addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division.




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Hundred Board

Grade-Level Recommendation: PK - 5

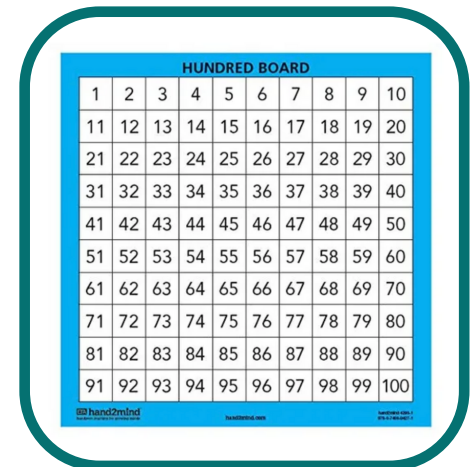
The numbers 1 through 100 are presented in sequential order in rows of 10.

Mathematics Content

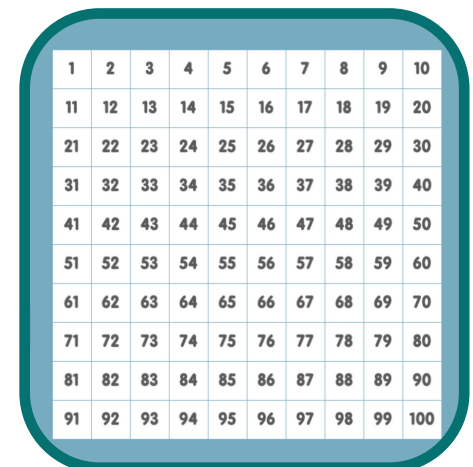
- Place Value
- Operations

In the Classroom

- A hundred board is helpful as students learn to count from 1-100.
- Students can practice counting by 2s, 5s, or 10s.
- Students also can use the hundred board to add and subtract.
- A hundred board also is helpful for counting the value of a set of coins.



| HUNDRED BOARD | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |



| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |




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The numbers 1 through 100 are presented in sequential order in rows of 10.

Mathematics Content

- Place Value
- Operations

In the Classroom

- A hundred board is helpful as students learn to count from 1-100.
- Students can practice counting by 2s, 5s, or 10s.
- Students also can use the hundred board to add and subtract.
- The pop-it board (unmarked side) can be used for multiplication and division.



| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |




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Fraction Tiles

Grade-Level Recommendation: 3 - 6

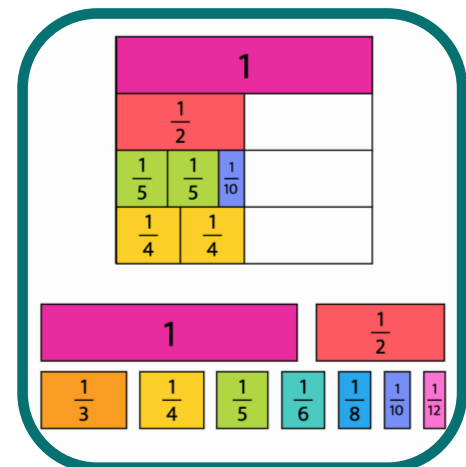
Each colored rod represents a whole, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, or $\frac{1}{12}$.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Decimals
- Percentages

In the Classroom

- Use fraction tiles as students learn the value of fractions, emphasizing the length of the fraction.
- Students also can use fraction tiles to compare fractions, order fractions, or compute with fractions.



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Each colored rod represents a fraction,
from $\frac{1}{10}$ to a whole.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Interpret Decimals (i.e., tenths)

In the Classroom

- Use Cuisenaire® Rods as students learn the value of fractions, emphasizing the length of the fraction.
- Students also can use Cuisenaire® Rods to interpret tenths within decimals.
- Cuisenaire® Rods are helpful for understanding the numbers 1-10.




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Number Lines

Grade-Level Recommendation: PK - 6

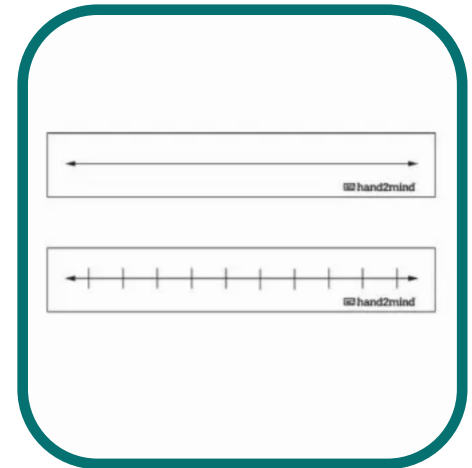
Number lines can be used to learn about whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and percentages.

Mathematics Content

- Whole Numbers
- Fractions, Decimals, and Percentages

In the Classroom

- Use a number line as students learn the value of fractions, emphasizing the length of the fraction.
- Use marked number lines, then transition to open number lines.
- Use a number line to compare and order numbers.
- Number lines also are helpful for addition and subtraction.




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Fraction Circles

Grade-Level Recommendation: 3 - 6

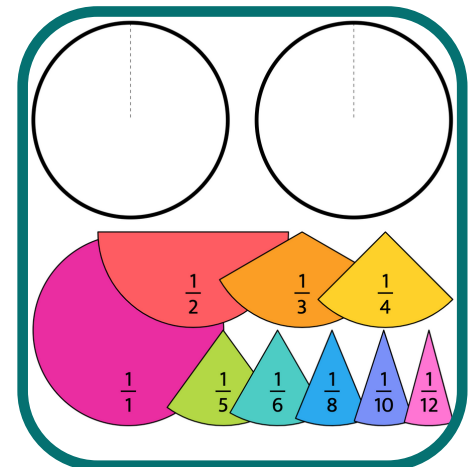
Each colored part represents a whole,
 $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, or $\frac{1}{12}$.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Decimals
- Percentages

In the Classroom

- Use fraction circles as students learn the value of fractions, emphasizing the area of the fraction.
- Students also can use fraction circles to compare fractions, order fractions, or compute with fractions.




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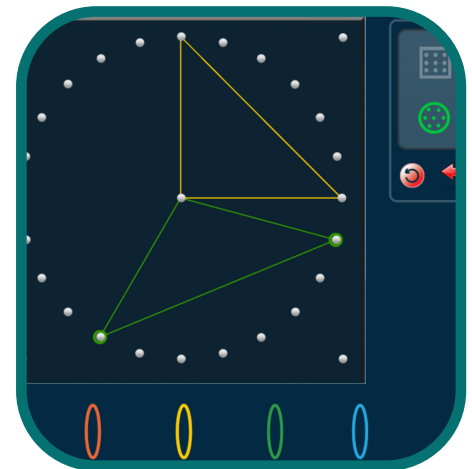
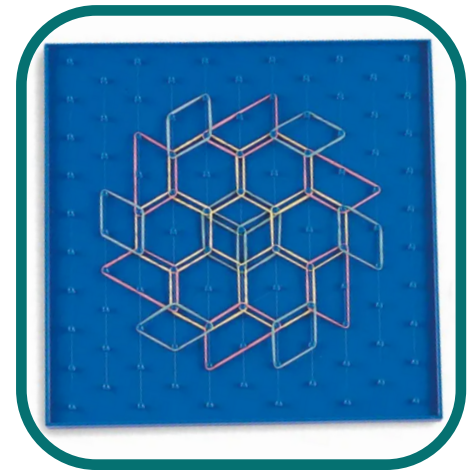
For fractions, one rubber band can show the area of a fraction with another rubber band showing the parts.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Geometry

In the Classroom

- Use a geoboard to show a fraction's area of the whole (i.e., denominator) and parts (i.e., numerator).
- Students also can use a geoboard to show knowledge of shapes, like triangles, quadrilaterals, and other polygons.
- Geoboards can be used to explore right, acute, and obtuse angles.




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Pattern Blocks

Grade-Level Recommendation: PK - 8

For fractions, one shape can show the area of a fraction's denominator with other shapes showing the parts.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Geometry

In the Classroom

- Use a pattern block to show a fraction's area of the whole (i.e., denominator). Then use other shapes to show the parts within the whole (i.e., numerator).
- Students also can use pattern blocks to demonstrate knowledge of shapes.
- Pattern blocks are helpful for creating tessellations.




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Two-Color Counters

Grade-Level Recommendation: K - 8

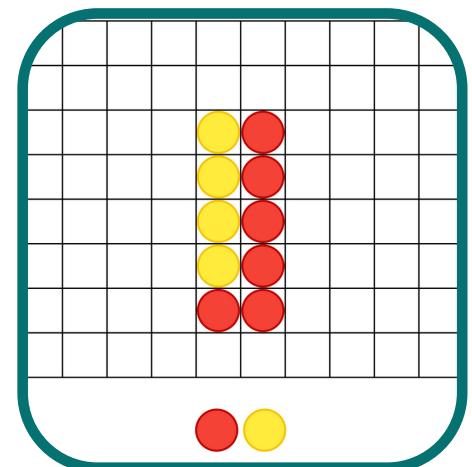
For fractions, yellow counters can show the denominator and red counters can show the numerator.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Integers

In the Classroom

- Use two-color counters to create a set that shows a denominator (e.g., 6), then flip some counters over to show the numerator (e.g., $5/6$).
- Students also can use yellow counters to represent positive integers and red counters to represent negative integers.




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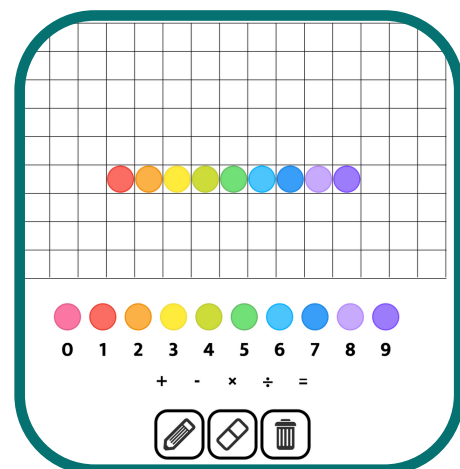
For fractions, one color can show the denominator and another color can show the numerator.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Place Value

In the Classroom

- Use links to create sets of fractions (e.g., with 3 yellow links and 2 blue links, $\frac{3}{5}$ of the set is yellow and $\frac{2}{5}$ is blue).
- Students also can use links to create sets of 10 (e.g., how many sets of 10 are in the number 34?).




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Grade-Level Recommendation: PK - 8

For fractions, one color can show the denominator and another color can show the numerator.

Mathematics Content

- Fractions
- Place Value

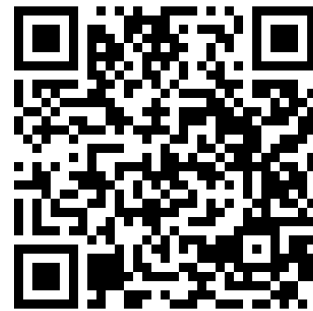
In the Classroom

- Use cubes to create sets of fractions (e.g., with 3 green cubes and 1 orange cube, $\frac{3}{4}$ of the set is green and $\frac{1}{4}$ is orange).
- Students can also use cubes to create sets of 10 (e.g., how many sets of 10 are in the number 27?).




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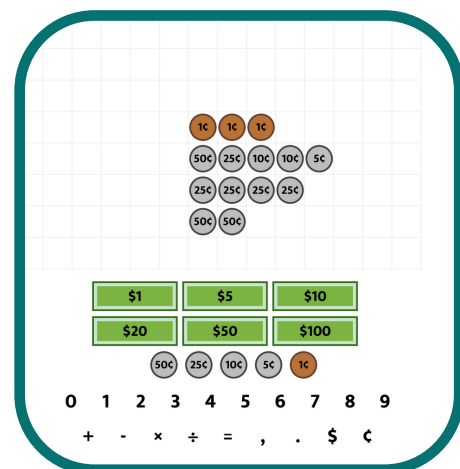
Coins show quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies.

Mathematics Content

- Money
- Place Value

In the Classroom

- Use coins to understand the value of money.
- Students also can use coins (and a hundred board) to count the value of sets of coins.
- Coins are helpful for comparing and ordering amounts or solving computation problems.




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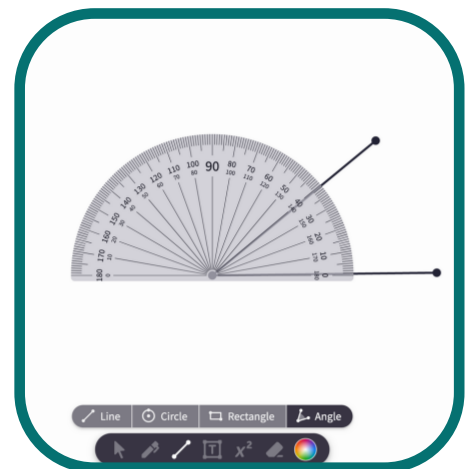
Plastic sticks can be pinned together to create angles and shapes.

Mathematics Content

- Geometry
- Fractions

In the Classroom

- Use sticks to create angles (e.g., right, acute, obtuse). Use the protractor to measure the degrees of the angle.
- Also create different types of triangles, quadrilaterals, and other polygons.
- AngLegs® can be used to show the area model of fractions.




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